

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claims 1-18 (Canceled).

Claim 19 (New). A liquid crystal display, comprising:

first and second substrates facing each other;

first pixel electrodes arrayed on at least one continuous first area within a surface of the first substrate facing the second substrate;

second pixel electrodes arrayed on at least one continuous second area within the surface of the first substrate facing the second substrate, the second area being spaced apart from the first area;

a first common electrode supported by the second substrate and facing first pixel electrodes;

a second common electrode supported by the second substrate and facing the second pixel electrodes; and

a liquid crystal layer interposed between the first pixel electrodes and the first common electrode and between the second pixel electrodes and the second common electrode, wherein a first display region corresponding to the first area is higher in utilization rate of external light or light emitted from a front light than a second display region that corresponds to the second area and can display an image by light transmission mode and by light reflection mode.

Claim 20 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 19, wherein a material of the first pixel electrodes is the same as a material of the second pixel electrodes, and a

Attorney Docket No. 246489US2S DIV

Inventor: Masahiro SEIKI, et al.

Preliminary Amendment filed herewith

material of the first common electrode is the same as a material of the second common electrode.

Claim 21 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 19, wherein the first common electrode is electrically connected to the second common electrode.

Claim 22 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 19, further comprising a planar light source device configured to emit light from a side of the first substrate opposite to a side of the first substrate facing the second substrate toward the liquid crystal layer.

Claim 23 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 19, wherein the second area is larger than the first area.

Claim 24 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 19, wherein the first and second areas constitute a third area, and wherein the first area is disposed between the second area and a side of the third area and extends along the side of the third area.

Claim 25 (New). A liquid crystal display, comprising:  
first and second substrates facing each other;  
first pixel electrodes arrayed on a first area within a surface of the first substrate facing the second substrate;  
second pixel electrodes arrayed on a second area within the surface of the first substrate facing the second substrate, the second area being different from the first area;

Attorney Docket No. 246489US2S DIV  
Inventor: Masahiro SEIKI, et al.  
Preliminary Amendment filed herewith

a first common electrode supported by the second substrate and facing the first pixel electrodes;

a second common electrode supported by the second substrate and facing the second pixel electrodes; and

a liquid crystal layer interposed between the first pixel electrodes and the first common electrode and between the second pixel electrodes and the second common electrode, wherein a first display region corresponding to the first area is higher in utilization rate of external light or light emitted from a front light than a second display region that corresponds to the second area, and each of the second pixel electrodes is formed of a reflecting conductive film provided with at least one opening.

Claim 26 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 25, wherein a material of the first pixel electrodes is the same as a material of the second pixel electrodes, and a material of the first common electrode is the same as a material of the second common electrode.

Claim 27 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 25, wherein the first common electrode is electrically connected to the second common electrode.

Claim 28 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 25, further comprising a planar light source device configured to emit light from a side of the first substrate opposite to a side of the first substrate facing the second substrate toward the liquid crystal layer.

Attorney Docket No. 246489US2S DIV

Inventor: Masahiro SEIKI, et al.

Preliminary Amendment filed herewith

Claim 29 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 25, wherein the second area is larger than the first area.

Claim 30 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 25, wherein the first and second areas constitute a third area, and wherein the first area is disposed between the second area and a side of the third area and extends along the side of the third area.

Claim 31 (New). A liquid crystal display, comprising:

first and second substrates facing each other;

first pixel electrodes arrayed on at least one continuous first area within a surface of the first substrate facing the second substrate;

second pixel electrodes arrayed on at least one continuous second area within the surface of the first substrate facing the second substrate, the second area being spaced apart from the first area;

a first common electrode supported by the second substrate and facing first pixel electrodes;

a second common electrode supported by the second substrate and facing the second pixel electrodes; and

a liquid crystal layer interposed between the first pixel electrodes and the first common electrode and between the second pixel electrodes and the second common electrode, wherein a first display region corresponding to the first area is higher in utilization rate of external light or light emitted from a front light than a second display region that corresponds to the second area and can display an image by light transmission mode.

Attorney Docket No. 246489US2S DIV

Inventor: Masahiro SEIKI, et al.

Preliminary Amendment filed herewith

Claim 32 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 31, wherein a material of the first pixel electrodes is the same as a material of the second pixel electrodes, and a material of the first common electrode is the same as a material of the second common electrode.

Claim 33 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 31, wherein the first common electrode is electrically connected to the second common electrode.

Claim 34 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 31, further comprising a planar light source device configured to emit light from a side of the first substrate opposite to a side of the first substrate facing the second substrate toward the liquid crystal layer.

Claim 35 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 31, wherein the second area is larger than the first area.

Claim 36 (New). A liquid crystal display according to claim 31, wherein the first and second areas constitute a third area, and wherein the first area is disposed between the second area and a side of the third area and extends along the side of the third area.